

St Joseph's School (Pukekohe) Pukekohe

**Education Review Office** 

**External Evaluation** 

# ERO External Evaluation St Joseph's School (Pukekohe)

### 1 Context

St Joseph's School (Pukekohe) caters for a diverse community of children from Year 1 to Year 8. Māori children make up 12 percent of the school roll with seven percent of the roll being Tongan, six percent Samoan and five percent from Kiribati. Many children are learning English as their second Language.

The board of trustees is committed to providing an environment that promotes children's progress and achievement. Children work in modern learning environments and have opportunities to bring their own digital devices. The school is part of the South Auckland Catholic Schools community of learning (CoL) which is currently being established.

# 2 Equity and excellence

The vision and valued outcomes defined by the school for all children are encompassed in the statement 'Excellent Education befitting our Catholic Character' and in the vision 'To be in the right relationship with God, with ourselves and others, and with the environment/creation.' Leaders have developed the mission statement, vision and valued outcomes in collaboration with their community. These aims are actively promoted by staff and understood by children.

The school's achievement information shows that over the last four years National Standards achievement for Māori children, has been variable. The Public Achievement Information (PAI) shows that there has been an increase in the percentage of Māori children achieving the National Standards levels in reading and a decrease in the percentages in writing and mathematics. The information for Pacific children shows an increase in percentages of children achieving the National Standards in reading, writing and mathematics. Other children have maintained the same pattern of achievement since 2012 with most of them achieving in all areas of the National Standards. Overall levels of achievement in mathematics and reading for the past three years are consistently above 80%. Achievement in writing is improving though it remains a little lower than reading and mathematics.

Over the last four years there has been some disparity between Maori and non-Māori children's achievement in all of the National Standards. Disparity between Pacific children and their non-Pacific peers was decreasing overtime but is showing a slight increase with the 2015 reading and mathematics National Standards results. There is also a pattern of decreasing disparity between Māori, Pacific and other children's achievement as they move through the school.

Teachers use several strategies to ensure robustness with teacher overall achievement judgements including the Ministry of Education (MoE) Progress and Consistency Tool.

Since the last ERO evaluation the school has participated in professional learning (PLD) related to the school's strategic goals and focused on embedding and ensuring sustainability of new teaching practices. Trustees have made deliberate resourcing decisions based on the PLD, including the ongoing resourcing for modern learning practices and environments. Senior leaders have begun implementing a culturally responsive curriculum. The principal has focused on increasing the usefulness of teacher performance management systems. These developments have been focused on accelerating the progress of those children at risk of not achieving equitable outcomes.

### 3 Accelerating achievement

# How effectively does this school respond to Māori children whose learning and achievement need acceleration?

The school responds very effectively to Māori children whose learning and achievement need acceleration. As a result, numbers of Māori children whose learning has been accelerated have increased. 2015 school achievement information shows that by Year 8 all Māori children are either at or above all the National Standards.

Teachers use a wide variety of approaches to identify the skills and knowledge and any learning barriers that children have, prior to entering school. This information is used to develop support systems so that learning begins from day one. Accelerated progress has been achieved through both in-class and out of class interventions. Methods include strengthening home/school partnerships, raising children's ability to monitor their own progress, and encouraging children to bring their own digital devices. Teachers focus on implementing a culturally responsive curriculum and senior leaders agree that this is an area that could be further enhanced.

The board uses achievement information well to set appropriate long term and short term schoolwide goals. These goals focus on continuing to raise Māori and Pacific children's National Standards achievement.

The school continues to implement and monitor the effectiveness of ways to accelerate the progress of Māori children who are at risk of not achieving equitable outcomes. The board and senior leaders acknowledge that offering more opportunities for te reo and tikanga Māori would advantage all children. They also acknowledge the benefit of aligning the goals in *Tātaiako: Cultural Competencies for Teachers of Māori learners* with the teacher performance management process.

These strategies have resulted in increased numbers of Māori children accelerating their learning.

# How effectively does this school respond to other children whose learning and achievement need acceleration?

The school responds with increasing effectiveness to all children whose learning and achievement need acceleration.

The school uses the same strategies, systems and processes as described earlier in this report for Māori students, to respond to children from Pacific nations and other children who are at risk of not achieving equitable outcomes. There is an emphasis on increasing children's engagement in learning through encouraging the use of home languages and increasing their awareness of, and pride in, their own cultural identity.

Senior leaders have recently created a Pacific executive team who will meet regularly to discuss and suggest ways to foster partnerships with Pacific families and to overcome identified issues. The board acknowledges the importance of receiving achievement information differentiated for each Pacific nation.

### 4 School conditions

# How effectively do the school's curriculum and other organisational processes and practices develop and enact the school's vision, values, goals and targets for equity and excellence?

The school's curriculum and other organisational processes and practices positively develop and enact the school's vision, values, goals and priorities for equity and excellence.

Children are very engaged in their learning. Teachers emphasise, and children demonstrate skills for self-management. Senior leaders implement consistent teaching and learning approaches that support children to build their independence, knowledge and skills in their learning. Children have effective and equitable opportunities to learn.

Senior leaders continue to implement and monitor the effectiveness of strategies to improve outcomes for children especially those at risk of not reaching their potential. These successful strategies include:

- school-wide, collective responsibility for the success of all children
- ongoing, effective teacher professional learning
- sharing children's learning goals with families
- close monitoring of children's progress and modification to teaching approaches
- successful systems for children to transition into, through and out of the school
- ongoing and regular celebration of academic, cultural and sporting success.

These initiatives have resulted in accelerated learning for children.

The board's decision to resource the school's focus on modern learning practices has resulted in child-centred and child-driven programmes. Children learn and achieve through the breadth and depth of the *New Zealand Curriculum*. They contribute to the curriculum focus, are challenged to consider issues around the local and wider community, and are supported to research and problem-solve.

Tuakana teina relationships are encouraged and grow children's understanding of other languages and cultures. Senior leaders implement bicultural practices in learning programmes and school routines. The principal is aware of the need to continue to strengthen teachers' confidence in using te reo Māori and other family languages. The board is considering using the Ministry of Education's *Tātaiako: Cultural Competencies for Teachers of Māori Learners*.

Teachers know each child's knowledge, skills and obstacles to learning. They use analysed results of children's assessments to progress the learning of individuals. The review of teachers' meeting schedules led to an increase in teachers' understanding and wider use of achievement information to monitor children's learning progress.

Parents and whānau are very engaged in their children's learning. Home/school partnerships are valued by both parties and senior leaders and the board continue to consider further ways to strengthen them.

The board has established multiple ways of interacting with families to gather their aspirations for their children, including:

- performances by Pacific dance groups
- meeting with whanau and fono and establishing a Pacific executive team
- regularly reporting to parents both orally and in written form
- offering parent education workshops.

The school uses evidence-based evaluation very well to monitor the success of initiatives and programmes on outcomes for all children. Internal evaluation systems include the use of a wide variety of community voice to review the effectiveness of school policies and practices. Teachers are becoming more reflective about the impact of their teaching strategies on outcomes for children and appropriately moderating their practices. Senior leaders continue to build teacher capability in 'teaching as inquiry' to promote ongoing improvement for children.

The board of trustees represents and serves the education and school communities very effectively in its stewardship role. There is a wide range of capability, experience and diversity in the board membership. The board is very well informed and makes appropriate resourcing decisions based on the scrutiny of information reported by the principal. Trustees undergo training to enhance their stewardship role and they have good processes to ensure their responsibilities and legislative requirements are met.

# 5 Going forward

#### How well placed is the school to accelerate the achievement of all children who need it?

Leaders and teachers:

- know the children whose learning and achievement need to be accelerated
- respond effectively to the strengths, needs and interests of each child
- regularly evaluate how well teaching is working for these children
- act on what they know works well for each child
- build teacher capability effectively to achieve equitable outcomes for all children
- are well placed to achieve and sustain equitable and excellent outcomes for all children.

St Joseph's School has effective practices in place in all areas of school operations. There is a culture of continuous improvement at all levels through reflective practice and useful performance management systems. A strong emphasis on children guiding the curriculum and being managers of their own learning is a feature of the school and contributes to accelerated learning.

ERO is likely to carry out the next review in four-to-five years.

#### 6 Board assurance on legal requirements

Before the review the board of trustees and principal of the school completed the ERO Board Assurance Statement and Self Audit Checklists. In these documents they attested that they had taken all reasonable steps to meet their legislative obligations related to the following:

- board administration
- curriculum
- management of health, safety and welfare
- personnel management
- asset management.

During the review, ERO checked the following items because they have a potentially high impact on student safety and wellbeing:

- emotional safety of students (including prevention of bullying and sexual harassment)
- physical safety of students
- teacher registration
- processes for appointing staff
- stand down, suspensions, expulsions and exclusions
- attendance
- compliance with the provisions of the *Vulnerable Children Act 2014*.

#### 7 Recommendation

St Joseph's School (Pukekohe) board of trustees and leaders should continue to build on their strong partnerships with whānau and ensure they are reflecting parents' aspirations for their children. They should also continue to build on current effective strategies that support children to become lifelong learners.

Graham Randell

Graham Randell Deputy Chief Review Officer Northern

5 September 2016

### About the school

Location	Pukekohe	
Ministry of Education profile number	1497	
School type	Full Primary (Years 1 to 8)	
School roll	392	
Gender composition	Boys 52% Girls 48%	
Ethnic composition	Māori Pākehā Tongan Filipino Kiribati Samoan Indian other Pacific other	12% 55% 7% 6% 5% 5% 3% 4% 3%
Review team on site	June 2016	
Date of this report	5 September 2016	
Most recent ERO report(s)	Education Review Education Review Education Review	June 2012 June 2009 January 2006